

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

STEVEN MARSHALL, LONG TRAN and CHARLES JOHNSON

Individually and on behalf of other similarly situated individuals

Plaintiffs

V.

EYEMASTERS OF TEXAS, LTD. and EYE CARE CENTERS OF AMERICA, INC.

Defendants

DEPUTY CLERK 42110

8-10 CV-1422 K

C.A. NO.

COMPLAINT

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Plaintiffs, individually and on behalf of other similarly situated individuals, complaining of Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. and Eye Care Centers of America, Inc., would show as follows:

Parties

- 1. Plaintiffs and other individuals similarly situated have been employed by one or both of Defendants or a subsidiary or affiliate of Defendant Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., each an employer within the meaning of the FLSA in that they have acted directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to Plaintiffs and other individuals similarly situated.
- 2. Defendants Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. and Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. are corporations with their principal place of business at 11103 West Avenue, Suite

111, San Antonio, Texas 78213-4915, and may be served through their registered agent for service of process, CT Corporation System, 350 N. St. Paul Street, Suite 2900, Dallas, Texas 75201.

Jurisdiction and Venue

3. Subject matter jurisdiction of this Court over this action exists under 28 U.S.C. §1331 based on Plaintiff's federal claim under 29 U.S.C. §201 et seq., the Fair Labor Standards Act (the "FLSA"). One or both of Defendants is an employer within the meaning of the FLSA. Venue is proper because Plaintiff's cause of action arose in this District.

<u>Facts</u>

4. Defendant Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. is one of a number of subsidiaries or affiliates of Defendant Eye Care Centers of America, Inc., which operates eyewear stores with multiple locations in the United States, including approximately 3500 retail employees and between 1,600 and 2,400 store managers or supervisors in 800 optical retail stores in 36 states and the District of Columbia, including in Washington, D.C., Houston, Dallas, Phoenix, Louisville, Tampa/St. Petersburg, Minneapolis/St. Paul, Nashville, Milwaukee and Miami/Ft. Lauderdale, through 11 store names, namely "EyeMasters," "Visionworks," "Vision World," "Doctor's VisionWorks," "Dr. Bizer's VisionWorld," "Dr. Bizer's ValuVision," "Doctor's ValuVision," "Hour Eyes," "Stein Optical," "Eye DRx" and "Binyon's." Defendants and the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. perform related activities through unified operations or common control for a common business purpose. One or both of Defendants and the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of

America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. have acted directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to Plaintiffs.

- 5. Plaintiffs and other individuals similarly situated were or are employed by Defendants and the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. as purported store general managers, retail managers and lab managers. Prior to January 2010, they were required during their employment to work at least 45 hours per week and since December 2009 store general managers have regularly been required to work at least 47.5 hours per week. The total hours worked each week by Plaintiffs and similarly situated individuals averaged at least 45 hours per week for the period between June 1, 2007 and on or about November 30, 2009. Since on or about December 1, 2009, store general managers have averaged at least 47.5 hours per week, and frequently more than 47.5 hours per week.
- 6. None of Plaintiffs or individuals similarly situated have ever been, during employment by Defendants and the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., an administrative, executive or professional employee, as those terms are defined under Section 213(a)(1) of the FLSA and regulations of the United States Department of Labor implementing it, during such employment. Specifically, prior to December 2009, store general managers, retail managers and lab managers did not primarily perform exempt duties; store general managers were required during 80% or more of their time to perform the non-exempt duty of retail sales with a quota of sales per month, retail managers were required during 80% or more of their time to similarly perform the non-exempt duty of retail sales, and lab managers were required to perform during more than 80% of their time and as much as

1005 of their time performing the non-exempt duty of filling eyeglass orders. Also in December 2009, Defendants, and on information and belief, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., explicitly recognized that retail managers and lab managers were non-exempt employees, renaming their positions retail supervisor and lab supervisor and making them hourly employees. While not similarly recharacterizing store general managers as non-exempt, as was proper, Defendants and on information and belief, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., denied them the duty or right to make retail sales but required them to spend 80% or more of their time to perform the non-exempt duty of greeting customers. Store general managers both before and after December 2009, further, could make only recommendations for hiring and firing and promotions and compensation increases, not final decisions, which could only be made by a territory director and/or the regional vice-president, and were often overruled in any case.

- 7. Defendants and, on information and belief, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., have failed to pay overtime compensation due Plaintiffs and other individuals similarly situated under Section 207(a)(1) of the FLSA without good faith and a reasonable belief that the failure to do so was in compliance with the FLSA and accordingly are liable for such overtime compensation and liquidated damages under Section 216(b) of the FLSA.
- 8. Despite applicable provisions of the FLSA, Defendants and, on information and belief, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., during the period of the employment of Plaintiffs and

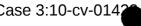
individuals similarly situated, have failed to record all hours of work by Plaintiffs and other individuals similarly situated or changed, or insisted that Plaintiffs change, the hours of work recorded for which they paid compensation to Plaintiffs or such other similarly situated individuals from the actual time worked by Plaintiffs in order to avoid the payment of overtime compensation properly due to Plaintiffs and such similarly situated individuals.

Causes of Action

- 9. For their first cause of action, Plaintiff and other individuals similarly situated would show that Defendants and, upon joinder as defendants, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., are liable under Section 216(b) of the FLSA for overtime compensation due but not paid in violation of Section 207(a)(1) of the FLSA, liquidated damages, prejudgment interest and attorney's fees and expenses and costs of court.
- 10. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover damages not only for the period of the otherwise applicable statutes of limitation, but for the entire period specified in paragraphs 4 through 8, as the conduct of Defendants and, on information and belief, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., continued over time, and Plaintiffs and other similarly situated individuals reasonably have feared or continue to fear reprisal for complaining about such requirements and it would have been unreasonable to expect Plaintiffs to sue separately on each instance of actionable conduct. Further, Defendants and, on information and belief, the subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., sought to hide the fact that its conduct was actionable.

Representative Action Allegations

- 11. With respect to the cause of action referred to in paragraph 9, this civil action is maintainable as a representative action pursuant to Section 216(b) of the FLSA because Plaintiffs are similarly situated to others who were subject to the conduct of Defendants referred to in paragraphs 4 through 8, and who, upon the giving of notice, are entitled to intervene as plaintiffs to seek the relief to which they are entitled based on the cause of action referred to in such paragraphs.
- Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b), each of the named Plaintiffs and, in 12. addition, certain other individuals who have been employed by Defendants, have filed or will file consents with respect to their claims under the FLSA.
 - 13. Plaintiffs demand a jury.



WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for all relief to which they are entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

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D. Elizabeth Masterson State Bar No. 00791200 dem@kilgorelaw.com

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COUNSEL FOR PLAINTIFF

CONSENT TO BECOME PARTY PLAINTIFF

Pursuant to Section 216(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §201 et seq. ("FLSA"), and by my signature below, I hereby consent to the prosecution of claims under the FLSA on my behalf and in my name against Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., Eye Care Centers of America, Inc., any subsidiaries or affiliates of Eye Care Centers of America, Inc. other than Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd., and any other related entities and individuals. I further declare that I understand that this consent is to be filed in the court in which suit on such claims is brought.

Name:

STEVE MARSHALL

Address:

1719 ESTACADO DR

ALLEN, YX 75013

Cell No.:

214-793-0489

Home No.

E-Mail

_smarshall695@ qmail.com

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Name

Address:

Cell No.:

Home No.

E-Mail

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Signature:

Name:

Address:

Cell No.:

Home No.

E-Mail

long-tran @1202@ yahoo.com

SJS 44 (TXND Rev. 2/10)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing an armound placing of over papers is provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	n and Charles Johnson	DEFENDANTS Eyemasters of Texas, Ltd. and Eye Care Centers of America, Inc.
(E.	of First Listed Plaintiff XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) Address, and Telephone Number) Ilgore & Kilgore, PLLC, 3109 Carlisle Ave	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED. RECEIVED Attorneys (If Known)
II. BASIS OF JURISD	OICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "S" in One Box for Plaintiff (For Diversity Cases Only) CLERK, U.S. DISTRICTION BOX for Defendant)
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	Y 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	Citizen of This State
2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State Citizen or Subject of a 3 3 5 Foreign Nation 6 6 6
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	Foreign Country
110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane	
▼ 1 Original □ 2 R	Appellate Court Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you 29 U.S.C. 20 Brief description of cause:	Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment Appeal to District Judgment Appeal to Distr
VIII. RELATED CAS PENDING OR CLO	SE(S) (See instructions) SED:	
DATE 7/16/2016	JUDGE	ATTORNEY OF RECORD DOCKET NUMBER
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT #	AMOUNT — APPLYING IFP	JUDGE MAG. JUDGE